DANDRITE Topical Seminar

Beyond individual protein conformations

How multimodal conformational landscapes underpin the function and pharmacology of pumps and G protein coupled receptors

Our lab is developing fluorescence-based bioassays to elucidate the function and pharmacology of primary active transporters and G protein coupled receptors on the nanoscale.¹⁻⁷

Our measurements have revealed the existence of modes. Modes are ultrastable assemblies of conformational and functional states that persist over unpresented spatiotemporal scales.

In this presentation, I will focus on pumps and G protein coupled receptors. I will introduce the methods that allowed us to observe modes on the nanoscale and at the single molecule level and showcase how modes underpin macroscopic measurements of function and regulation. I will argue that modes comprise a novel mechanistic foundation for drug discovery and development.

References

- 1. Mathiasen, S. et al. Nanoscale high-content analysis using compositional heterogeneities of single proteoliposomes. Nat Meth 11, 931-934 (2014).
- 2. Rosholm, K. R. et al. Membrane curvature regulates ligand-specific membrane sorting of GPCRs in living cells. Nat Chem Biol 13, 724-729 (2017).
- Kockelkoren, G. et al. Molecular mechanism of GPCR spatial organization at the plasma membrane. Front Cover Page. Nat Chem Biol, 20, 142–150 (2024).
 Patent pending.
- 5. Manuscript under review.
- 6. Kosmidis, E. et al. Regulation of the mammalian-brain V-ATPase through ultraslow mode-switching. Front Cover Page. Nature 611, 827-834 (2022).
- 7. Veshaguri, S. et al. Direct observation of proton pumping by a eukaryotic P-type ATPase. Science 351, 1469–1473 (2016).

Hosted by Poul Nissen group (DANDRITE)



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Date: Wednesday 11 September 2024

Time: 14:00 – 14:45

Venue: Nucleus, 1871-120

Address: Universitetsbyen 81, 8000 Aarhus

OPEN TO ALL INTERESTED.







